## CASE AGAINST SWAYNE READY

HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBMITS IM-PEACHMENT ARTICLES.

twelve Counts Ranging From Falsifying Expense Accounts to Non-Residence in District-Three Members File Minority Statements Objecting to Charges.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10 .- Articles of impeachment accusing Judge Charles Swayne, of the Northern District of Florida, were reported to the House to-day by Representa-tive Palmer, chairman of the special committee of seven appointed to prepare them. There are twelve articles and the committee served the right to bring in others, although now it has no thought of doing so.

So called false certificates of expenses. fining and imprisoning lawyers for contempt of court, using private cars belonging to the company in the hands of a receiver appointed by him without compensation and non-residence in his district are the subject matters treated in the articles. The charges are as follows:

Articles exhibited by the House of Representatives of the United States of America n the name of themselves and of all the people of the United States of America, against Charles Swayne, Judge of the United States in and for the Northern District of Florida, in maintenance and support of their impeachment against him for high crimes and misdemeanors in office.

Article 1. That said Charles Swavne at Waco. in the State of Texas, on the 20th day of April, 1897, being then and there a United States District Judge in and for the Northern District of Florida, did then and there as said Judge make and present to R. M. Love, then and there being the United States Marshal in and for the Northern District of Texas, a false claim against the Government of the United states in the sum of \$230, then and there knowing said claim to be false and for the purpose of obtaining payment of said false claim did then and there as said Judge make and use a certain false certificate then and there knowing said certificate to be false, said certificate being in the words and figures following:

"United States of America Northern District of Texas 1 as: , Charles Swayne, District Judge of the United States for the Northern District of Florida, do hereby certify that I was directed o and held court at the City of Waco in the Northern District of Texas, twenty-three days, commencing on the 20th day of April, 1807, also that the time engaged in holding said court and in going to and returning from the same, was twenty-three days, and that my reasonable expenses for travel and attendance amounted to the sum of two hundred and thirty dollars and - cents, which sum justly due me for such attendance and "CHARLES SWAYNE, Judge.

\*Waco, May. 15, 1897: \*Received of R. M. Love, United States Marshal for the Northern District of Texas, the sum of \$230 and no cents in full payment

he above account. CHARLES SWAYNE. "When in truth and fact, as the said

Swayne then and there well knew, there was then and there due the said Swayne from the Government of the United States and from the said United States Marshal a far less sum, whereby he has been guilty of a high crime and misdemeanor in his

Article 2 relates to a similar excess of \$310 while holding court at Tyler, Tex., for twenty-four days, from Dec. 3, 1900, and for seven days going and returning. Wherefore the said Charles Swayne misbehaved himself and was and is guilty of a high crime, to wit, the crime of obtaining money from the United States by a false pretence and of a high misdemeanor in office."

Article 3 charges that he received the sum of \$410 as expenses for travel and at-tendance while holding court at Tyler, Tex., for forty-one days, from Jan. 12, 1903, en his reasonable expenses were much

less.
Article 4, after identifying Charles Swayne as Judge, and describing his duties, is as follows:
"In the year of our Lord 1893 did un-

lawfully appropriate to his own use, with-out making compensation to the owner, a certain railroad car belonging to the Jacksonville, Tampa and Key West Railfrom Guyencourt, in the State of Delaware, to Jacksonville, Fla., the said rail-toad being at the time in the possession of a receiver appointed by the said Charles

The said car was provided with pronsumed by the said Swayne and his friends, and was provided with a conduc-tor and porter at the cost of, and expense of, said railroad company, and with transportation over connecting lines. The expenses of the trip were paid by the said receiver out of the funds of the said Jacksonville. Tampa and Key West Railroad Company, and the said Charles Swayne, acting as Judge, allowed the credit claimed by the said receiver for and on account. by the said receiver for and on account of the said expenditure as a part of the necessary expense of operating said road.

"The said Charles Swayne used the said property without making compensation to the owner, and under a claim of right for the reason that the same was in the hands

for the reason that the same was in the hands of a receiver appointed by him."

Article 5 makes a like charge with regard to a trip from Jacksonville to California, in a private car belonging to the same road, all of the expenses for the car in-cluding his own, those of his family and road, all of the expenses for the car including his own, those of his family and some friends, being paid by the receiver.

"Article ti. That the said Charles Swayne, having been duly appointed and confirmed was commissioned District Judge of the United States in and for the Northern District of Florida, on the 1st day of April, 1890, to serve during good behavior, and therefore, to wit, on the 22d day of April, 1890, took the oath of office and assumed the duties of his appointment and established his residence at the city of St. Augustine, in the State of Florida, which was at that time in the said Northern Distric.

"That, subsequently, by an act of Con-

That, subsequently, by an act of Congress of the United States approved the 23d day of July in the year 1891, the boundaries of the said Northern District of Florida were changed, and the city of St. Augustine and contiguous territory were transferred to the Southern District of Florida whereupon it become and was the Florida, whereupon it became and was the duty of said Charles Swayne to change his residence and reside in the Northern District of Florida and to comply with the 551st Section of the Revised Statutes of the United States, which provides that: 'A District Judge shall be appointed for each district, except in coasial previous for except duty. except in cases hereinafter provided. Every Judge shall reside in the district for which he is appointed and for offending against provision shall be deemed guilty of

the said Charles Swayne, Judge aforesaid, totally disregarding his duty as aforesaid, did not acquire a residence and did not within the intent and ng of said act reside in his said disict, to wit, the Northern District of Florida. On the 23d day of July in the year 1894 the 1st day of October, 1900, a period

period of non-residence from July 894, to Jan. 1, 1903, a period of about Years, and alleges a violation of law

That the said Charles Swavne ned and duly commissioned as Judge District Court of the United States the Northern District of Florida. lying entered upon the duties of his Judge as aforesaid, and while in the is office as Judge of the District United States in and for the istrict of Florida and having upon the duties of his office as

HEADACHES FROM COLDS live Bromo Quinine, the world wide Cold and femedy, removes the cause. Call for the full and look for signature of E. W. Grove. 25c.

cise of his office of Judge of the United States, to wit, while performing the duties of a Judge of the Circuit Court thereof, heretofore, to wit, on the 12th day of November, A. D. 1901, at the city of Pensacola, in the county of Escambia, in the State of Florida, did maliciously and unjustifyly adjudge mility of contents of State of Florida, did maliciously and unlawfully adjudge guilty of contempt of court and impose a fine of \$100 upon and commit to prison for a period of ten days E. T. Davis, an attorney and counsellorat-law, for an alleged contempt of the Circuit Court of the United States.

"Wherefore, the said Charles Swayne, Judge as aforesaid, misbehaved in his office of Judge, and was and is guilty of an abuse of judicial power and of a high misdemeanor in office.

Article 9 is the same as article 8, except that the words "knowingly and unlawfully" are used to characterize his act in fining and imprisoning Mr. Davis.

Article 10 is the same as article 8, except that its later than the same as article 10.

that it relates to Simeon Belden, instead of E. T. Davis, and article 11 is the same as article 9, except that it relates to Belden instead of Davis. Article 12 alleges an abuse of judicial power in that he committed W. C. O'Neal to prison for sixty days for an alleged contempt of the District Court at Pensacola, Dec. 9, 1902, which commitment the committee holds to constitute a high misdemeanor in office.

meanor in office. In conclusion the report recites:
"And the House of Representatives, by protestation, saving to themselves the liberty of exhibiting at any time hereafter any further articles of accusation or impeach-ment against the said Charles Swayne, Judge of the United States for the Northern District of Florida, and also of replying to his answers which he shall make under the articles herein preferred against him and of offering proof of the same and every part thereof, and to all and every other article or accusation or impeachment which shall be exhibited by them as the case shall require the design of the same and the said Charles. require, do demand that the said Charles Swayne may be put to answer the high crimes and misdemeanors in office herein

crimes and misdemeanors in office herein charged against him, and that such proceeding, exceminations, trials and judgments may be thereupon had and given as may be agreeable to law and justice.

Views were submitted by Representatives Parker and Littlefield, who believe the facts brought out with respect to the certificates of expense constitute an impeachable offence, and Mr. Gillette, who non-concurs because Judge Swayne was denied the opportunity of proving that the collection of \$10 per diem is customary. Messrs. Littlefield and Parker in their views say:

views say:

"We dissent from all the other articles and especially as to those based upon the contempt proceedings in the Dav's, Belden and O'Neal cases. These cases clearly involve wilful and marked contempt of court and demanded exemplary and summary punishment from any self-respecting court. The charge as to non-residence is not supported by such evidence as warrants the adoption of articles in that regard. The use of the private car, which is the proper subject of adverse criticism, taking into account the fact that there is no intimation or claim that any judicial act was influenced thereby or attempted to be influenced thereby, is not of such gravity as to justify impeachment proceedings therefor. The car incident occurred more than ten years ago, and the non-residence question has existed for more than four years. No statute of limitation can apply, but the great proceeding of impeachment is not to be used as to stale charges not affecting the moral character or fitness of the officer to perform his duty."

Representative Gillette said:

"I concur in all that is said in the foregoing views of the minority, except as to the certificate for expenses. At the hearing before the committee Judge Swayne offered to prove the custom and practice of the Federal Judges in making certificates for their reasonable expenses for travel and attendance when holding court out of their own districts, the purpose being to show a judicial construction of the statute under which these expenses were allowed. This offer was denied by the committee "We dissent from all the other articles

under which these expenses were allowed. This offer was denied by the committee and all inquiry on this subject shut off. Therefore for this reason the record is silent upon matters which in my judgment should have been submitted to the consideration of the House."

HOUSE TACKLES CURRENCY BILL.

chief features of the occasion.

In committee of the whole, the Williams afmendment was agreed to requiring the afnendment was agreed to requiring the Secretary of the Treasury in making deposits to do so in the banks offering the highest rates of interest after competition. A further amendment was agreed to, offered by Mr. Bowie (Dem., Md.) that the money loaned be equitably divided among the banks of the several States.

No conclusion on the bill was reached, although Mr. Hill was very anxious to get action. He accepted a number of amendments, not because he favored thm, but for the reason that he hoped to get the measure into satisfactory shape in the Senate.

A resolution was agreed to calling on the

Secretary of the Interior for a report of the facts in any case where he had authorized the expenditure of Indian funds for the maintenance of other than Government

maintenance of other than Government schools on Indian reservations.

The Indian and Military appropriation bills were reported. Also the articles of impeachment against Judge Charles Swayne of the Northern District of Florida, prepared by the special committee appointed before the holidays. Mr. Palmer (Rep., N. Y.), in charge of the matter, gave notice that he would call them up on Thursday. The House then adjourned until to-morrow.

AMBASSADOR TO BRAZIL.

Rank of Minister Thompson Raised-Place for T. W. Hynes.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—The President o-day sent to the Senate the following

To be Ambassador Extraordinary and Pleni-otentiary to Brazil David F. Thompson

potentiary to Brazil David F. Labunpson of Nebreska.

To be Auditor for Porto Rico-Thomas W. Hynes of New York.

To be Collector of Internal Revenue - Ernest Coldwell. Fifth District of Tennessee. Mr. Thompson is the present Minister at Rio Janeiro, and his promotion to the rank of Ambassador is due to like action on the part of Brazii with regard to her

representative here.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—The collier Brutus has arrived at Shanghai, the cruiser Baltimore at Hong Kong, the cruiser Denver at Hampton Roads, the monitor Arkansas at Lambert Point, the despatch boat Dolphin at Washington, and the tug Tecumseh at

The battleship Brooklyn has sailed from The battleship Brooklyn has sailed from Port of Spain for Santa Lucia, the battleships Kearsarge, Illinois, Alabama, Iowa, Kentucky and Missouri, the gunboat Scorpion, the cruisers Newark and Tacoma from Hampton Roads for Culebra, the destroyers Whipple, MacDonough, Worden and Stewart from Hampton Roads for Charleston, and the collier Ajax from Singapore for Port Said.

Army and Navy Orders.

WARRINGTON, Jan. 10.—These army orders were issued to day:
First Lieut. Laurance Angel, Porto Rico provisional infantry, to duty on the isthmus of Panama.
Capt. Benjamin F. Montgomery, Signal Corps. from duty as chief of the Telegraph and Cipher Bureau, executive office, to Benicia Barracks, Cal. Cal.

A general court martial to meet at West Point,
A general court martial to meet at West Point,
with Capt. Charles B. Hagadorn, Twenty-third
Infanty, as president, and First Lieut. Pressley
K. Brice, Artillery Corps, Judge Advocate.

These naval orders were issued:

Capt. H. B. Mansfield, from command of the lowa to three months sick leave.

Capt. W. H. Beehler, additional duty as Inspector of Equipment at Philadelphia.

Lieutenani Commander W. A. Gill, from inspection duty, from Philadelphia to Cleveland, as executive.

Lieut. D. M. Gayrison, when discharged from Lieut. D. M. Garrison, when discharged from treatment naval hospital, Norfolk, to home and two months sick leave. STEPSTOKILLTHECANALGRAFT

TAXPAYERS ACTION AGAINST THE BARGE CANAL LAW.

Don't Let the State Embarrass Its Finances and Injure Its Good Name, Petitioners Say to the Attorney-General-Root or Andrews, or Both, to Present the Case.

The news, given in THE SUN yesterday, that the constitutionality of the barge canal law is to be tested in the highest courts was gratifying to the taxpayers and business men who had been wondering whether there was no way to burst the great bunco bubble. Some of them had been aware that there is likely to be an end put to the graft scheme, for the work of smashing it was begun by taxpayers here and up the

Of course, as soon as the bargeway grafters heard yesterday that the millions were likely to be taken away from them they set up the howl that the railroads were behind the plan. To any one familiar with the proceedings this was a joke, for the railroad managers long ago ceased to be alarmed about the gold lined ditch. They know that if the canal ever should be finished it would be by that time practically obsolete and that railroad rates would be no higher than canal charges plus interest and insurance.

This movement against the bargeway grab is purely a taxpayers' action. It will be brought to the attention of the Attorney-General of the State by means of petitions which read as follows:

To the Attorney-General of the State of New SIR: The undersigned, citizens and tax-

payers of the State of New York, respectfully represent: 1. That they are advised that there are grave and substantial grounds for believing that Chapter 147 of the Laws of New York of 1903, being an act making provision for issuing bonds for the improvement of the Erie,

Oswego and Champlain canals, is unconstitutional and void. 2. That the Comptroller, Superintendent of Public Works and State Engineer are about to issue bonds and enter into contracts in behalf of the State, apparently authorized by the terms of said act, but which will be void if the act is unconstitutional. Such acts by the State officers, although unauthorized, would involve the State in moral obligations which cannot be properly repudiated, and will embarrass its finances and injure its

redit and good name. That before the officers of the State pledge the credit of the State, even in form, for the vast sums which will be involved in the proposed improvement of the canals. he questions which exist as to their lawful authority ought to be determined. only will the making of unauthorized obliga-tions involve the injuries above stated, but the existence of questions of authority will necessarily interfere with the marketing of the bonds and increase the prices at which

the existence of questions of authority will necessarily interfere with the marketing of the bonds and increase the prices at which contractors will be willing to undertake to do the work.

We respectfully request that you bring, or authorize to be brought, in the name of the people of the State, a suitable action to progure a judicial determination as to the validity of this statute; and we ask that a day be given us that we may appear before you and present the reasons why we consider that such action should be brought.

Attorney-General Mayer will fix the day Attorney-General Mayer will fix the day for the hearing on the petition, and the taxpayers will be represented at that hearing by either Elihu Root, former Secretary of War, or the Hon. Charles Andrews of Syracuse, former Chief Judge of the Court of Appeals, or both. They will present the reasons, and there certainly are enough of them, why the action should be begun to test the constitutionality of the bargeway grab. The Attorney-General can bring to test the constitutionality of the barge-way grab. The Attorney-General can bring the suit himself or authorize it to be brought for the petitioners. The latter method is customary, and, if Mr. Mayer consents, it will be employed in this case. Mr. Root and Judge Andrews have been retained by the petitioners to carry on the case, which may come up first in the Supreme Court. Whatever the outcome might be there, the suit would be likely to go to the Court of Appeals. The grafters have spent so much time and money already that they will not

don't want to see the State disgrace and

There will be a scream from the expectant contractors and engineers if the graft is wiped out, but it will be drowned by the chorus of joy from the taxpayers. Gov. sage to the Legislature, revealing New York's financial condition, has shown the voters that something has got to be done and that the quickest, simplest way to do it is to knock out the juicest State subsidy ever proposed. It would be a great relief to many mem-

bers of the Legislature if the bargeway act should be declared void. They are hearing from their constituents on the subject, and they wish they never had voted for the scheme. Action by the Court of Appeals would obviate the necessity of raising the candal in the Legislature.

TO HOLD UP CANAL BIDS.

Higgins and Franchot Will Wait for a Test of the Law.

ALBANY, Jan. 10 .- Gov. Higgins to-day confirmed the report that it was the intention to look into the constitutionality of the thousand ton barge canal act before proceeding with the award of contracts or the making of payments of State moneys for the project.

"I have been informed that Elihu Root has been asked to give an opinion." he said, "but I do not know whether the statement is well founded. I do not expect to confer with Mr. Root about the matter.

"Of the proposed application to Attorney-General Mayer to restrain Superintendent of Public Works Franchot from letting any contracts on the bids received for the six pieces of work heretofore advertised and State Comptroller Kelsey from paying any warrants on the canals account, I have no direct information." information.

for Higgins declared it as his belief that. Franchot would not take any action on the bids already received until he upon the bids already received until he should have received a legal opinion upholding the law. The Governor says he does not think that there need necessarily be delay over the matter. He also said that besides John I. Platt of Poughkeepsie he had been informed by James Wood of Mount Kisco. Westchester county, a State grange official, that he also was seeking to have the constitutionality of the barge canal act tested, in the hope that it may not be found valid.

found valid. Attorney-General Mayer to-night frankly said that he had begun the study of the barge canal law, although as yet he had received no official communication bringing the question of its constitutionality to his attention. All he knew of the matter was that he had been told while in New York city that a petition was bong circulated asking for a hearing before the Attorney-General on the matter. He professed ignorance as to the form of application likely to be made to his office in this connection.

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RECORD SAVINGS DEPOSITS.

THE BOWERY BANK DEALS WITH ANOTHER BIG CROWD.

Lots of Would-be Depositors Too Late to Get Their Money In for the Present Quarter's Interest-No More Than \$500 Taken From One Person Anyway.

the Bowery Savings Bank yesterday, the last day on which deposits could be made to draw interest from Jan. 1 for the ensuing quarter. The employees of the Day bank worked until 11:30 o'clock on Monday night and the prospects last night were that they would work fully as late. One man got the idea from watching

the crowds that there was a run of a different kind going on. As described by one of the cops on duty, he was a "tough inug. Perhaps he was just a joker.

"Say, Cap," said he to the policeman, I've got some friends out here that thinks they're due to lose their money in this bank. How about it?'

"Chase it," responded the policeman after looking the man over, and the man

The Bowery Bank has never had so many depositors as in the last few days, and the officers are at a loss to account for it. The fact that 4 per cent. has been paid on savings in the last six months is only a partial explanation. The Bowery also is not the only big savings bank which has had an enormous increase of deposits in the last few weeks. One bank which has had a big increase to handle is the Seamen's. The line of depositors there in the last week of December extended far up the spiral iron staircases to the top floor.

Some time ago the Bowery Savings Bank refused to take more than \$1,000 from one depositor in six months. Recently the rule was changed so that only \$500 will be taken. This rule caused lots of trouble yesterday. People who had read that 4 per cent. was paid for the last six months withdrew their money from other banks and took it to the Bowery.

in and out through the big building. Every now and then there would be a loud chatter of women's voices, and a uniformed em-Cockran Makes a Speech—Many Amendments Agreed To.

Washington, Jan. 10.—Most of another day's session was expended by the House to-day in the consideration of the Hill Currency bill. Speeches by Messrs Bartlett (Dem., Ga.,) and Cockran (Dem., N. Y.) against the bill as reported by the Committee on Banking and Currency were the missing and Currency were the missing and the petitioners to carry on the case, which may come up first in the Supreme Court. Whatever the outcome might be there, the may come up first in the Supreme Court. Whatever the outcome might be there, the may come up first in the Supreme Court. Whatever the outcome might be there, the may come up first in the Supreme Court. Whatever the outcome might be there, the may come up first in the Supreme Court. Whatever the outcome might be there, the may come up first in the Supreme Court. Whatever the outcome might be there, the may come up first in the Supreme Court. Whatever the outcome might be there, the moise came from and politely but firmly with a supreme Court. Whatever the outcome might be there, the may come up first in the Supreme Court. Whatever the outcome might be there, the may come up first in the Supreme Court. Whatever the outcome might be there, the may come up first in the Supreme Court. Whatever the outcome might be there, the moise came from and politely but firmly with a supreme Court. Whatever the outcome might be there, the may come up first in the Supreme Court. Whatever the outcome might be there, the moise came from and politely but firmly with a supreme Court. Whatever the outcome might be there, the may come up first in the Supreme Court. Whatever the outcome might be there, the came form and politely but firmly with a supreme Court. Whatever the outcome might be there, the came form and politely but firmly with a supreme Court. Whatever the outcome might be there, the came form and politely but firmly with a supreme Court. Whatever the outcome might be there, the cause of the fair depositors. On the other hand, the folly ployee would run to the spot where the

as Chinamen. Some women came with babies, others drove to the bank in cabs. When the doors were closed at 3 o'clock the troubles of the employees began anew. A man approached the closed door and shouted to the watchman who kept him

Come out here and I'll smash yer mug." The watchman went out, but it was the would-be depositor who was hit, and he would-be depositor who was nit, and ne didn't complain to anybody about it either. Some of the men who tried to get in after 3 o'clock were much more cheerful about it. One large and ablebodied looking person smiled all over when told he couldn't get in. Now I'll go and spend my money for a

keg," he said.

The women were hardest to deal with.
Some of them cried, and all of them said

carried bables.
"Can't you let me in just one little min-ute?" pleaded a pale faced woman. ute?" pleaded a pale faced woman. "I've come such a long way. Please, please!" But the watchman couldn't be moved. As a matter of fact most of the women As a matter of fact most of the women hadn't come any further than from Stanton street, and Cerberus knew it. One well dressed woman said she came from River-bead, L. I., and added significantly that there was a jail there. But even that didn't cause the door to open.

ELECTORS' BALLOTS COMING IN.

New Jersey's Messenger First to Arrive -Three Others Follow.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10. The first messenger to appear at the Capitol with the returns of the Presidential election was from New Jersey. He presented a certificate of the official vote of electors of the State, cast vesterday, for President and Vice-President. A duplicate copy of the returns, sent by mail, was also received. The messenger from New Jersey was

City Clerk Harry B. Salter of Trenton. He delizered his package to President pro tem. Frye of the Senate, who gave him a receipt for the same and a certificate which red at the Treasury for substantial

was nonored at the mileage fees.

During the day messengers also appeared with the electoral votes of Rhode Island, Delaware and Pennsylvania.

Congress on Feb. 8 will meet in joint session in the hall of the House to canvass.

the returns and announce the result TO INVESTIGATE PANAMA R. R. House Committee to Find Out About the

(Dem., Mo), ordering the committee to investigate the affairs of the Panama Railroad Company. The resolution is the result of the discovery made while the committee visited the Isthmus that the railroad company was maintaining an office at New York at an annual cost of about \$200,000. The committee also referred the Stevens bill placing private car lines under the con-trol of the Interstate Commerce Commission

to a sub-committee composed of Messrs. Stevens, Sherman, Wanger, Shackleford, and Adamson. Cockrell to Take Commerce Commisstonership.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10. - Senator Cockrell has decided to accept appointment as a member of the Interstate Commerce Com-mission, to succeed Jame: D. Veamons of SHIP THAT BLEW UP ON XMAS. Seven Survivors of the Marpesia Get Here, Leaving Eleven Dead.

The yarn of the loss of the naphtha laden Norwegian ship Marpesia, already spun over the caole from Bermuda was epeated yesterday, by her skipper, Capt. arl Jensen; Mate Evensen, Second Mate Lund and the cabin boy, Sverre Salberg, among seven survivors who arrived her vesterday aboard the Quebec Line steamship Trinidad. Eleven others of the crew were hurled to death in an explosion that forced all the living to seek safety in the tumbling waves in midocean on Christmas

Glasgow in 1866, had had a mighty tussle with wind and sea before she blew up. Her ventilators had been carried away and the seas had roared through the openings, setting her cargo adrift. Can smashed against can, and the hold soon was filled with oil. The cook had prepared a fine Christmas dinner for the crew, but nobody had a bite of it, and the cook was among

About 11 A. M. the ship, which was hove by blew up forward. The foremast was to, blew up forward. The foremast was blown to smithereens and eleven men in the forecastle were annihilated. The explosion was followed by flames that swept aft on the gale, driving the survivors almost to the tafrail. The second mate got the wheel and headed the ship down the wind, so that the fire for a moment was driven for-

ward.

The Danish steamship Gallia, bound from Hamburg for Savannah, was in the neighborhood, and her skipper headed for the drifting torch. Meanwhile the fearful Scandinavians had clambered out on boards made fast at the stern to escape

on boards made fast at the stern to escape the flames, which were swiftly enveloping the ship. The second mate held to the wheel until his hands were blistered.

There were only two lifebelts, and one of these was given to the mate, whose arms had been badly hurt by falling wreckage in a gale several days before. The other was offered to the second mate. He turned it over to the cabin boy, who could not swim. The skipper had been hurt in one of the succession of blasts that had carried away most of the ship's sails and some of her spars, but he was the last man to leave the ship, thus fulfilling the tradition of the sea.

The flames were shooting more than 200 feet in the air when the Gallia launched banks and took it to the Bowery.

A gayly dressed woman drove up in a cab yesterday morning and wanted to deposit \$3,000. She had neglected to remove the paper bands around the bills. She was told to take her money back to the other bank.

An Italian tried to deposit \$1,000 yesterday. When told that he couldn't do it he threatened to take out \$1,000 he had already deposited. His threat didn't worry anybody. In spite of his money the man was miserably dressed and bore all the earmarks of poverty.

As on Monday, there were more women depositors than men. One woman came all the way from Philadelphia to open a new account. The line of women wound in and out through the big building. Every now and then there would be a loud chatter

YEGG MEN POUNCE ON JERSEY. Pay Night Visits to Atlantic Highlands and West Palmyra.

Tramp burglars of the type known as "yegg men" got busy in two places in New Jersey in the small hours of yesterday

At Atlantic Highlands a band of five walked into town from somewhere, broke STEINWAY into the post office, blew open the safe | WEBER with nitroglycerine and, placing their HAINES BROS. booty in a sack, walked down the main street and disappeared. The gang got \$1,017 in cash and stamps at Atlantic High-

Another gang broke into the Pennsylvania Railroad station at West Palmyra, ten miles north of Camden, blew open a safe there in a similar manner and got away

safe there in a similar manner and got away
with \$100 after shooting at some trainmen.
According to the Pinkertons, who keep
particularly well posted on the movements
of the "yegg men," the latter have planned
a campaign through the Eastern States,
and warnings have been sent to a lot of
small places to look out for their post offices,
books and railrand stations. Eleven of the small places to look out for their post offices, banks and railroad stations. Eleven of the "yeggs" were recently picked up in Philadelphia just as they were starting out.

In picking out Atlantic Highlands for the scene of one of the robberies the yeggs showed wise judgment. Atlantic Highlands is defended at night by one night matching. He was asleen in the bank watching. watchman. He was asleep in the bank when the thieves came into town. That may have saved the bank, but it won't

save the watchman, who should have been

To be sure, others of the town's volunteer soldiery were awakened by the explosion and popped their heads out of windows only to be told by the burglars to pull then only to be told by the burgars to part them in or have them peppered. So effective was this warning that none of those who received it came out of the house until this morning, and then rather timidly.

Probably the robbers wouldn't have been followed at all if it hadn't been for Mrs. Adelbert Dougherty, wife of the village shee store's proprietor. She woke up her have and together they wake in the husband, and together they woke up the chief of police. The chief of police woke up the night patrol in the bank and

Three men were in the raid at West Pa!myra. They broke in a window at the station. Two of the men stayed outside of the station and whenever a train passed the man inside was warned. The safe was blown open with nitroglycerine and the three then ran. A freight train came along later, but the crew could not locate the gang, although they heard a couple of shots fired. The station office was wrecked.

R. W. De Forest, Chairman, Robert W. De Forest has been made chairman of the Municipal Art Commission.

Averell-Brown.

Mrs. May A. Brown, daughter of George Arents of the American Tobacco Company, WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—The House Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce to-day ordered a favorable report on the resolution offered by Mr. Shackleford, (Dam Mo). was married yesterday afternoon at

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To buy where only highest grades are made or sold is Schmitt Brothers,

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President of Bar Association-Alton B. Parker a Member. and typewriting, desires a position; no At the annual meeting of the Bar Association last night Elihu Root was reelected

president. Among the new members elected was Alton B. Parker. The committee on grievances reported that eighty-seven complaints were made last year. Twenty-two cases were tried and the names of five lawyers were sent to the executive committee to be presented to the Appellate Division for disbarment Two of these cases are now before the cour-and the other three are yet to be presented.

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